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## Research Update Meeting 2006 - SARE Project, Water and Plant Canopy Management: Sanding, Pruning, Irrigation, Drainage

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# Water and plant canopy management: sanding, pruning, irrigation, drainage

## SARE Project

C. DeMoranville, H. Sandler, J. Vanden Heuvel, A.

Averill, M. Sylvia, F. Caruso

UMass Amherst Cranberry Station

# SARE Project

- Funder requires grower participation and documentation of 'outcomes' (change in behavior or practice)
- Grower team helped to develop the project
- Primary theme is management of water and the plant canopy
- Identifying practices, integrating practices
- Demonstrating to other growers

- The primary goal is to develop, demonstrate, and implement grower-identified practices to:
  - Improve water and canopy management
  - Reduce costs and improve pest management

## Low-cost practices with potential to increase fruit quality and contribute to pesticide reduction

- pruning (and use as an alternative to sanding)
- irrigation scheduling
- drainage improvement
- bed sanitation
- integrated nutrient management

Integrated approach

- Primary goal is to see how the practices fit together
- Example – design nutrient management to avoid excess vine growth and as a result need less sanding/pruning, improve air circulation, etc.

# Anticipated outcomes of adoption

- A more open, drier canopy
- Improved air circulation
- Decreased duration of wetness events  
(reducing need for fungicides)
- Improved penetration of biorational pesticides
- Better fruit color
- Enhanced yield
- Eliminating or reducing the need for sanding



## Demonstration sites – sanding and pruning

- Pruning and sanding being studied separately as presented earlier today
- The focus of these demonstration sites is to look at integrating a cycle of pruning into the sanding cycle to extend the interval between sanding

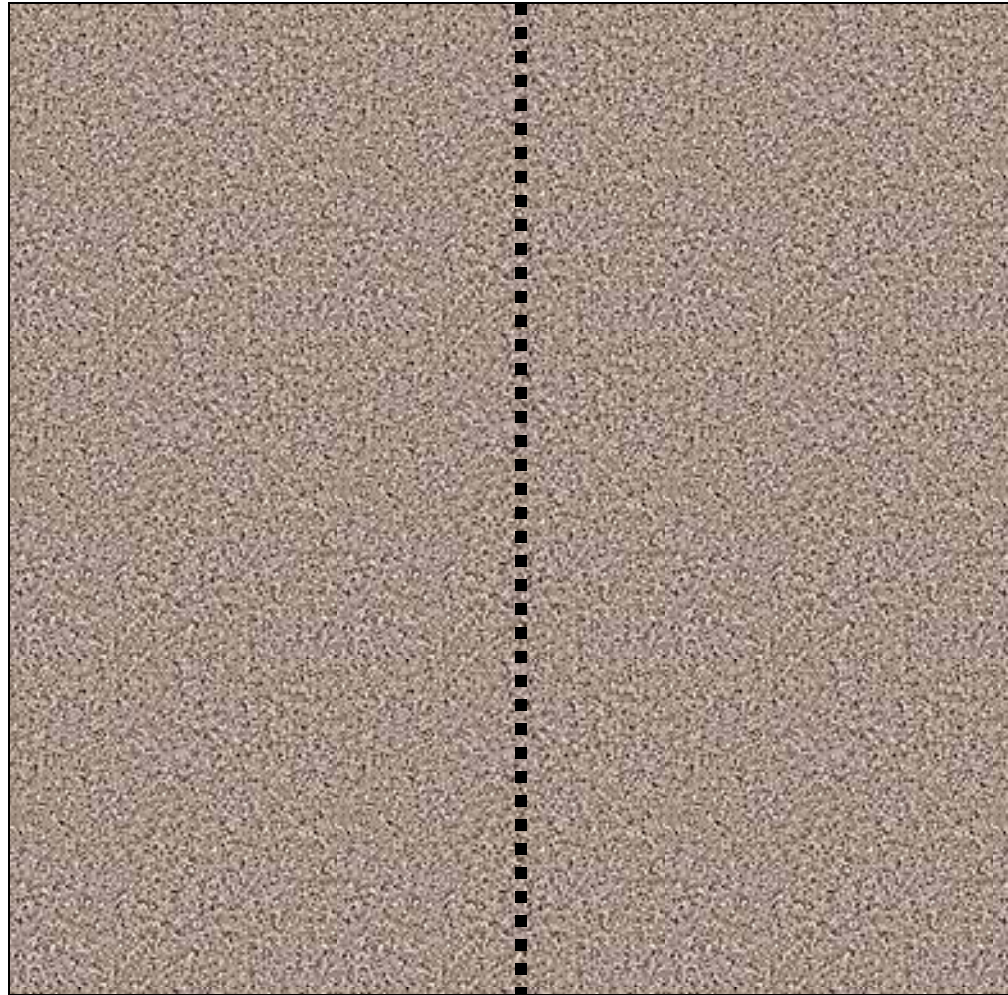
# Grower Demonstration Plots

SARE GRANT

# Side- by –Side Comparisons

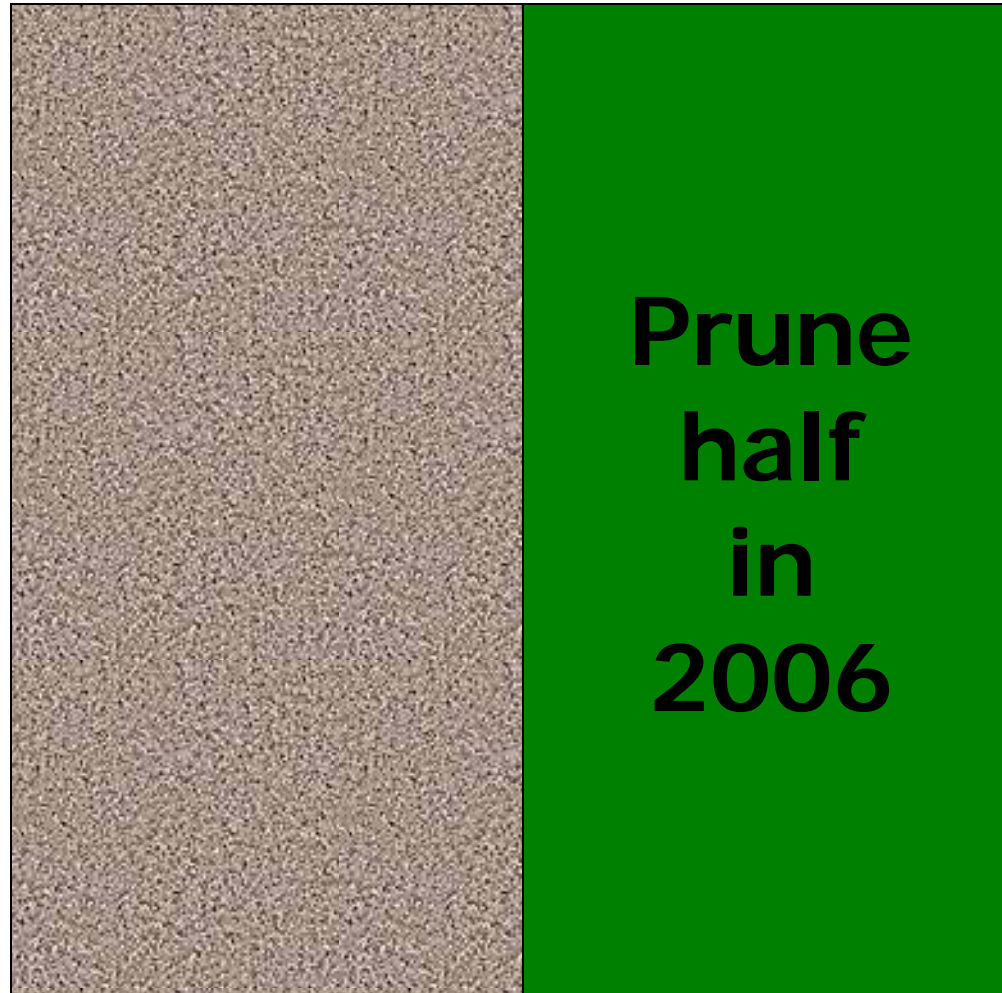
- Sanding, followed by pruning at some set interval
  - 2 yr, 3 yr, or 4 yr+
- Goal: 4 sites for each combination
- 'Stevens' preferred

**Sanded whole piece in 02-03**



**EXAMPLE**

**Sanded whole piece in 02-03**



**3 - yr interval**

# Side- by –Side Comparisons

- Beds should be managed similarly
  - Drainage, fertilizer, pest pressures, irrigation, etc.
- Prefer treatments on same bed, but could be 2 sites located in same general area.
- Stevens preferred

# Data Needed

## You provide :

- Irrigation records
  - water level float
- Fertilizer records
- Pesticide records
- Harvest and TACY records

## We collect :

- Weight of prunings removed
- Light bar data
- Vine samples
- Harvest samples

# Plots in Hand

## ● 2-yr interval

- Sanded 02-03; pruned in 2005 (1)

## ● 3-year interval

- Sanded 00-01; pruned in 2004 (1)

## ● 4-yr + interval

- Sanded 95-96; pruned in 2003 (1)



Please call if you would  
like to participate

Carolyn x25  
Hilary x21

# Sanding vs. Pruning Experiment

# Question

- Can pruning be used as an alternative to sanding?

# Plan

- Replicated study at Rocky bog
- Establish in Spring 2006
- 2-3 years
- MS Student Brett Suhayda

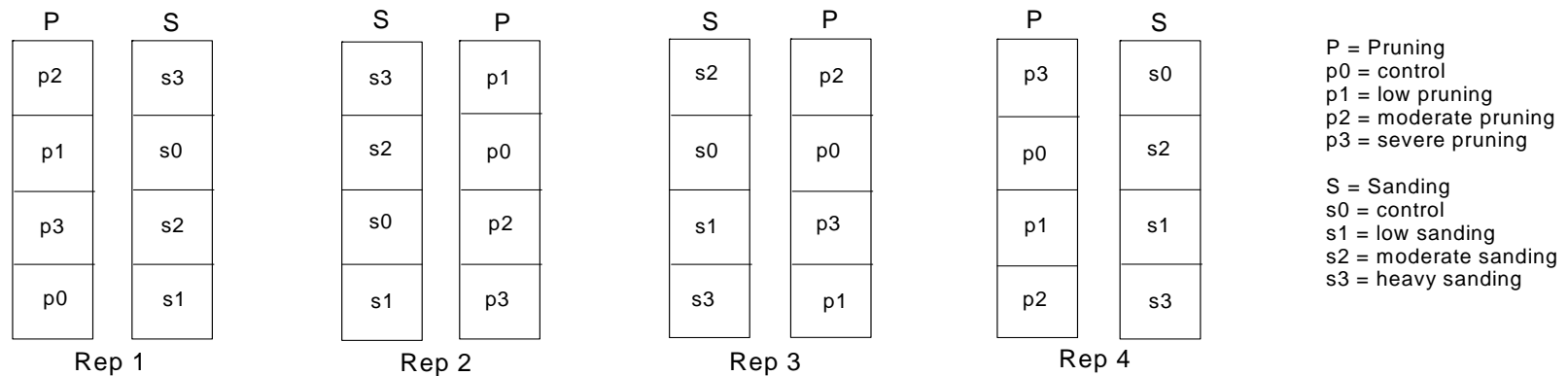


Figure 1: Split-plot design for Pruning vs. Sanding experiment

# Evaluation of pruning/sanding

- Vegetative vine growth
- Yield
- Fruit quality
- Canopy microclimate
- Spray penetration into canopies

# Economic Analysis

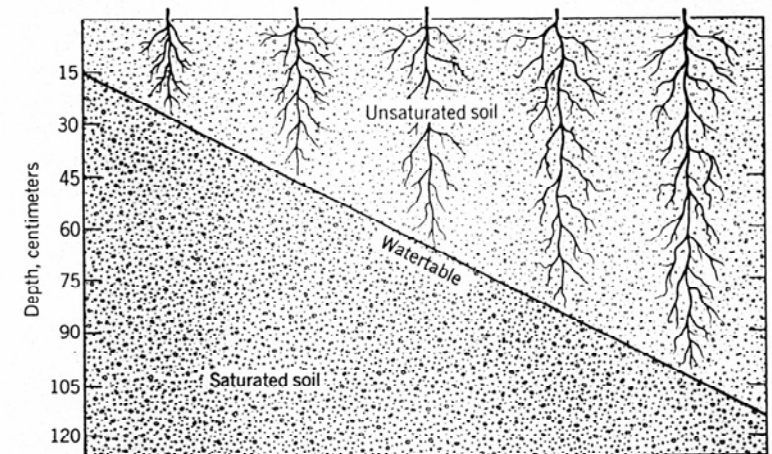
- Costs of pruning and sanding
- Economic return on yield (including color incentive)
- Reduced cost of pesticides

# Irrigation scheduling

- Use of methods other than the inch-a-week rule

# Why is it important?

- Saturated conditions (especially in spring)
  - Poor root development
  - Poor nutrient uptake
  - Poor release and utilization of nitrogen





## ● Too little water

- Water stress
- Decreased fruit size and quality
- Poor plant stand
- Plant death



# Irrigation research

Lampinen and DeMoranville

- When beds are too wet yield is less
- Part of the reason is poor fruit set and retention

Yield (bbl/a) in irrigation treatments.  
Differences in 2000 and 2001 were statistically different.

Irrig. Treat.	1999	2000	2001	Cumulative 3 years
"ideal"	207	80	193	472
wetter	187	50	120	357
		*	*	

Data bears out the observation that most beds are too wet  
1999 was the driest year of the three

Distribution of uprights into classes.

Zero refers to uprights that flowered but did not support any fruit. Numbers one through three refer to uprights that supported that number of fruit.

\*indicates significant difference within row. 1999 and 2000 data were similar.

Upright type	<u>2001</u>	
	Ideal (%)	Wetter (%)
Non-flowering	61.9	63.1
Zero	18.1*	23.5*
One	17.6*	11.2*
Two	2.2*	1.4*
Three or more	0	0

Failure to retain even one fruit accounted for decreased yield in standard (wetter) irrigation plots

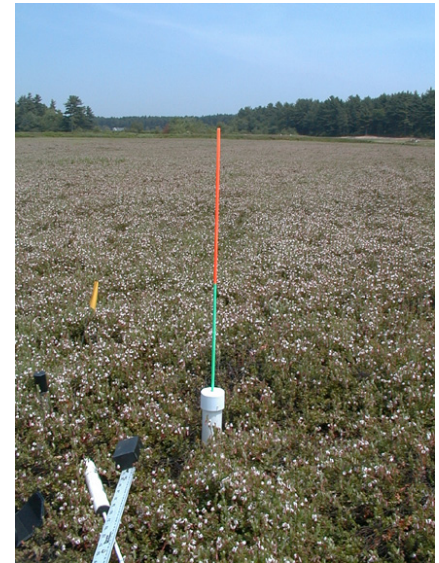
# Yellow vine

- Soil moisture is key
- Too wet or too dry
- Poor rooting
- Produced greenhouse symptoms if water table was too high or too low



# Important practices

- Drainage, drainage, drainage
- Insure adequate moisture into the fall, especially in drought years
- Properly schedule irrigation to avoid over- and under-watering



Both the calendar and  
1"/week rule can lead to  
excess or deficiency

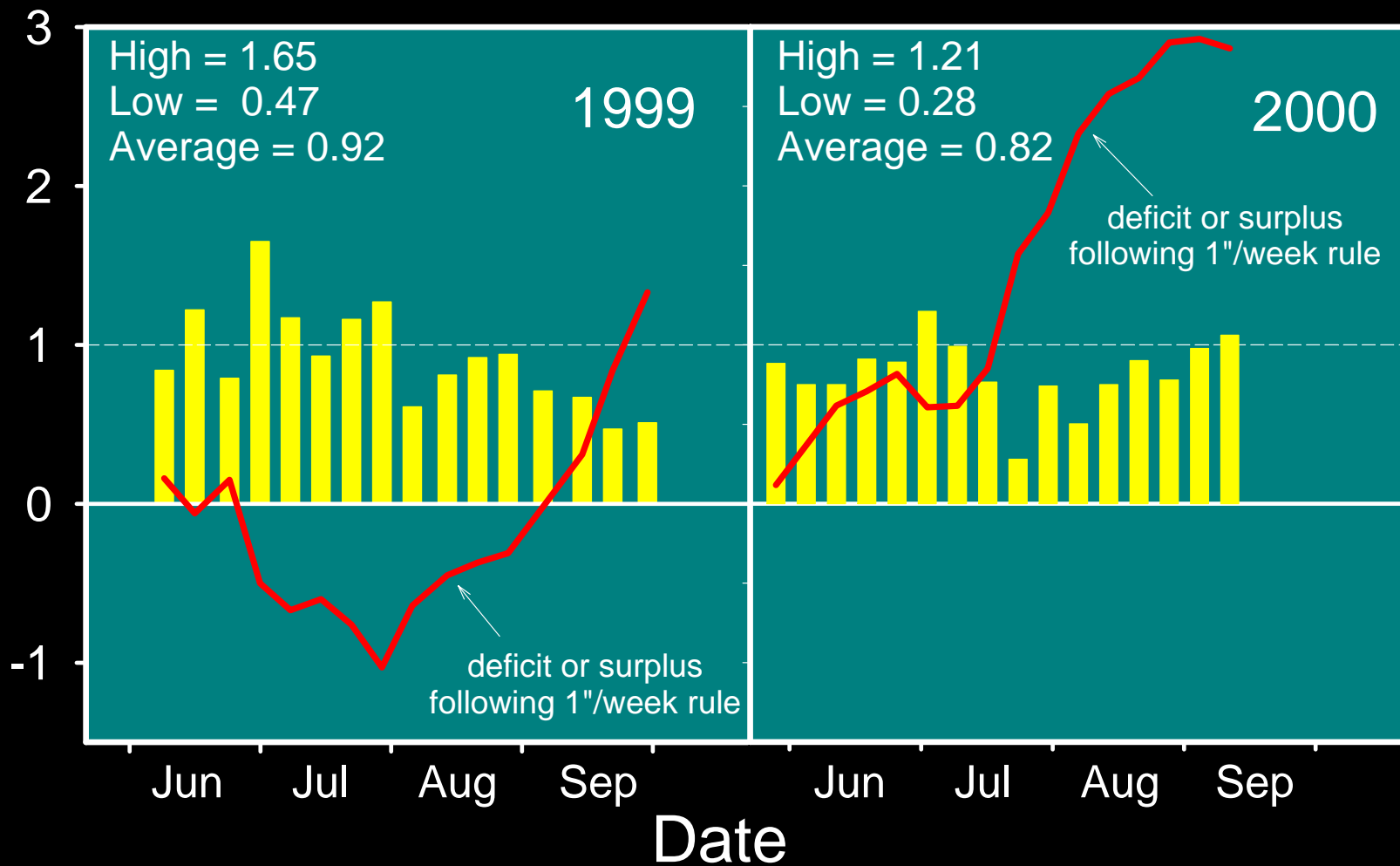


Evaporation gauge  
was installed  
at State Bog  
during the summers  
of 1999 and 2000





Average evaporation ("/week)



# How much should I irrigate?

- Simple answer- enough to bring water table up to an adequate level without flooding root zone
- You need to know where the saturation level is – you must monitor soil moisture to know this

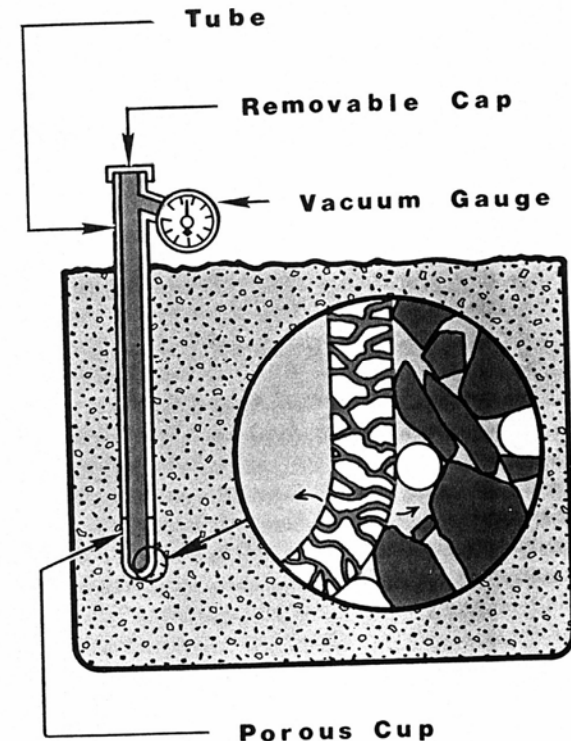
# Tensiometer

## ● Advantages

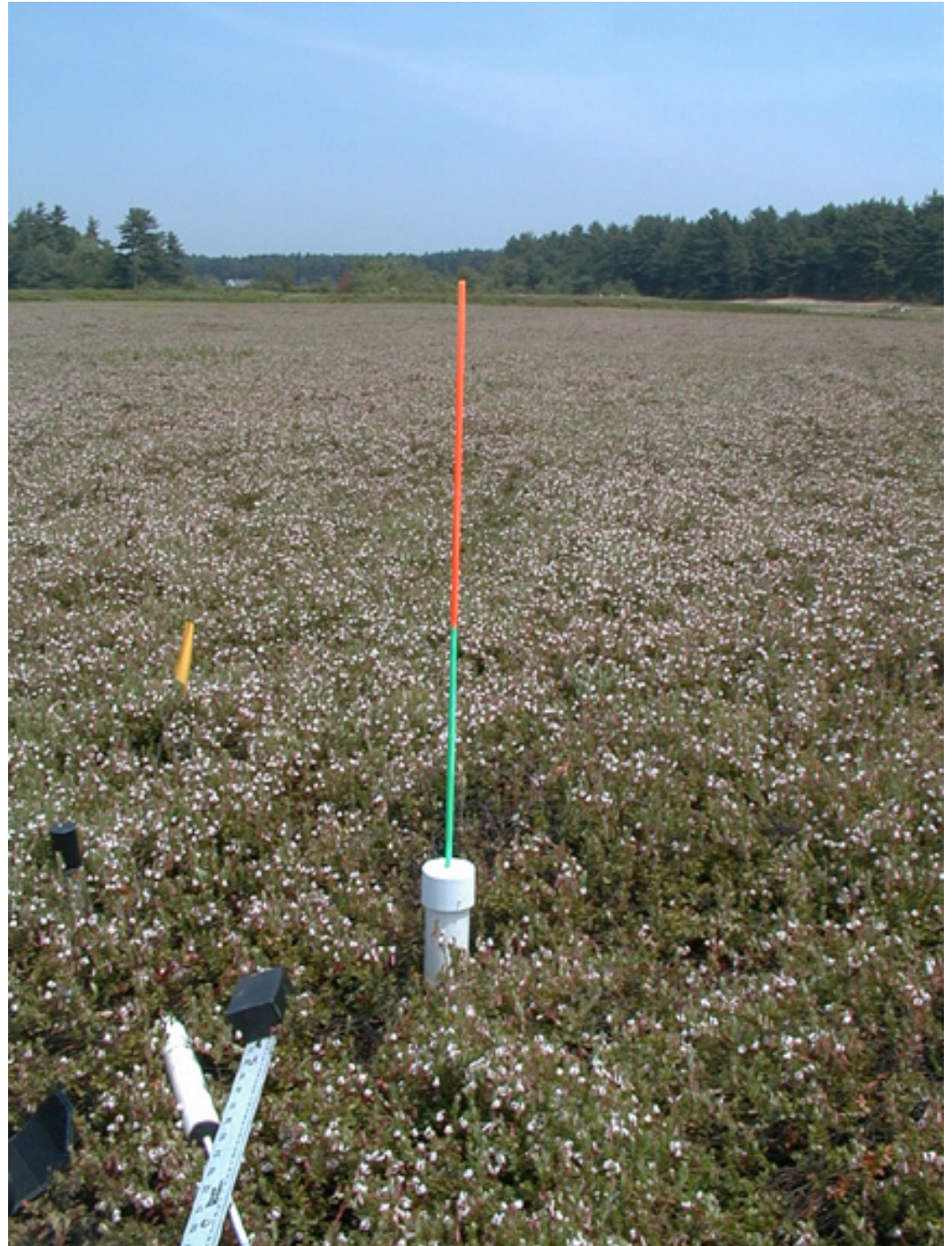
- Capable of measuring midday depression in soil moisture in root zone
- Useful with or without a water table present

## ● Disadvantages

- Relatively insensitive to water level changes
- Relatively expensive
- Requires foot traffic on bed to read



## Water level float



# Water level float

## ● Advantages

- inexpensive to build (fact sheet available)
- low maintenance, not susceptible to freezing damage
- do not require walking on bed to read
- more sensitive to changes in water table than tensiometer

## ● Disadvantages

- doesn't register midday depression in root zone
- only useful on beds with water table present

- Water level float workshop in 2005
- More in 2006?



Questions?



# Grower survey

- Fill it out now
- Help us to evaluate these practices
- This is the “before”



# General Information

How many acres do you own or directly manage or work on? \_\_\_\_\_

Are you the decision maker for this acreage?



No

# Sanding

What method(s) of **sanding** have you used in the last 5 years?

\*\*Check all that apply and circle preferred method\*\*

☒ Ice sanding

☒ On the vine

☐ Barge sanding

☐ Rail sanding

# Sanding

What method(s) of sanding do you expect to use in the next 5 years?

\*\*Check all that apply and circle preferred method\*\*

☒ Ice sanding

☐ Barge sanding

☐ On the vine

☐ Rail sanding

☒ Other? \_\_\_\_\_

When you sand, what is your planned target depth?

☐ 1/4 inch

☐ 1/2 inch

☐ other ? \_\_\_\_\_



# Sanding

How well do you think you achieve the planned target depth?

~~Consistently close to target depth~~  
~~Variable depending on location~~  
~~Not even close~~

Do you have beds that you **sand** but never **prune**?

YES

NO

How often do you hope to **sand** an individual piece (weather permitting)?

Every year    Every other year  
Every 5 years    Never

Every 3 years

# Sanding

What do you hope to accomplish with your  
**sanding?** \*\*Circle all that apply\*\*

Pest management

Improved vine growth

Increased light penetration

Increased pesticide penetration

Ease of harvesting    other? \_\_\_\_\_

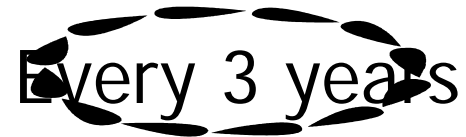
# Pruning

Do you have beds that you **prune** but never  
**sand**? YES NO



If yes, how often to you typically **prune** such a  
bed?

Every year    Every other year    ~~Every 3 years~~  
Every 5 years    When necessary    Never



# Pruning

Do you have beds that you sometimes **prune** and  
sometimes sand? YES NO



If yes, how often to you typically **prune** such a  
bed?

Every year    Every other year    Every 3 years  
Every 5 years    When necessary    Never

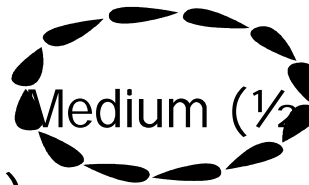


# Pruning

What is the typical intensity of your **pruning**?

Light (less than 1/3 ton/a)

Heavy (1 or more ton/a)



Medium ( $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\frac{3}{4}$  ton/a)

When do you **prune**?



Spring

Fall

Other (list) \_\_\_\_\_



# Pruning

What **pruning** equipment have you used in the last 5 years? \*\*Circle all that apply\*\*

NONE ☒ Dry harvest machine

Modified water harvester

Manual knife rake

Other (please describe) \_\_\_\_\_

What **pruning** equipment do you expect to use in the next 5 years?

NONE ☒ Dry harvest machine

Modified water harvester

☒ Manual knife rake

Other (please describe) \_\_\_\_\_

# Pruning

What do you hope to accomplish by **pruning**?

**\*\*Circle all that apply\*\***

Pest management

Improved vine growth

Increased light penetration

Ease of harvesting

Increased pesticide penetration

Provide vines for planting

I don't prune

Do you have bogs where you have intentionally alternated **sanding and pruning** in the last 10 years (in a planned way)?

YES

NO

# Nutrient Management

Do you use slow release fertilizers?

YES

NO

If yes,

a) what type (brand) of slow release fertilizer do you use? (e.g. IBDU, osmocote)

\_\_\_\_\_IBDU 10-12-24\_\_\_\_\_

b) when do you apply slow release fertilizer?

\_\_\_\_early May or bud break\_\_\_\_\_

# Nutrient Management

Do you use custom blend fertilizers?



NO

If yes, what is the NPK ratio in the custom mix?

(e.g. 18-10-12) \_\_\_\_\_20-8-10\_\_\_\_\_

# Irrigation Scheduling

How do you decide when to irrigate?

\*\*Check all that apply and circle preferred method\*\*

Water level float   ~~Once-a-week rule~~  
Tensiometer (gauge)   ~~Touch test~~  
Other monitoring device (probe, etc.)

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In mid-summer, if there is **no rain** during a week, how often would you irrigate?

Once   Twice   3 times   More than 3 times

# Irrigation Scheduling

Approximately how long do you run sprinklers during an irrigation event?

1 hour

2 hours

3 hours



Longer than 4 hours

When do you typically irrigate?

~~During the night~~

Early morning/before 6 AM


~~Evening/after 7 PM~~

Mid-day

other? \_\_\_\_\_

# Irrigation Scheduling

If the Cranberry Station hosts a hands-on workshop on the construction and installation of water level floats in the Spring of 2006, how likely are you to attend?

Definitely  Very likely Maybe  
Probably not Would not

# Drainage

Have you filled in interior ditches in the last 10 years?

☒ YES

☐ NO

If yes, why? \_\_\_\_\_ easier harvest \_\_\_\_\_

In the last 10 years have you installed any submerged **drainage**?

☒ YES

☐ NO

\*\* If yes, circle type installed \*\*

Tile

Pipe

☒ Gravel ditch

other?? (list) \_\_\_\_\_



# Drainage

In the next 5 years, do you intend to install any submerged drainage? ☒ YES ☐ NO

\*\*If yes, circle type you intend to install\*\*

Tile ☒ Pipe ☐ Gravel ditch

other?? (list) \_\_\_\_\_

If you use submerged drainage, what reasons do you have for installing it?

\*\*Check all that apply and circle primary reason\*\*

☒ Eliminate wet spot ☒ Bog too wet

☒ Replace surface ditches ☐ Disease management

other?? (list) - \_\_\_\_\_

# Website

Have you visited the UMass Cranberry Station website?

☒ YES

☐ NO

If so, how often do you visit the website?

☐ Daily

☒ Weekly

☐ Monthly

☐ Yearly

What pages do you visit on the Station site?

~~\*\*Check all that apply and circle preferred\*~~

~~X~~ Newsletters ~~X~~ IPM message ~~Calendar~~

~~Station personnel~~ ~~Research programs~~

~~X~~ Chart Book ~~X~~ Weather updates ~~Links~~

~~Recipes~~

# Followup

Would you be willing to participate in a further interview regarding these practices and their costs?

☒ YES

☐ NO

If yes, please give us your name and phone number

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# See you after lunch

Be back here at 1:00

